

Program Synthesis Meets Visual What-Comes-Next Puzzles

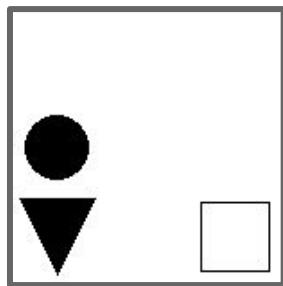
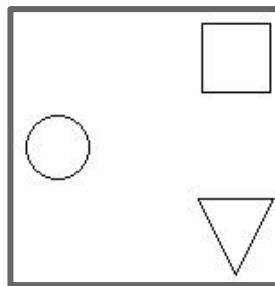
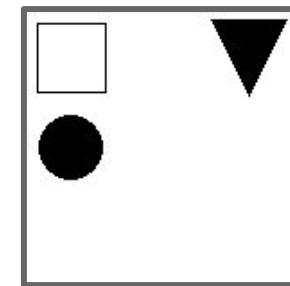
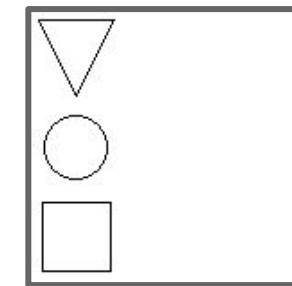
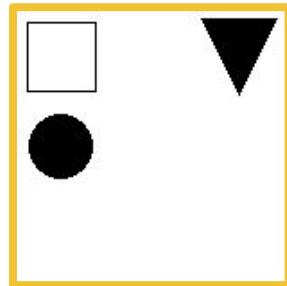
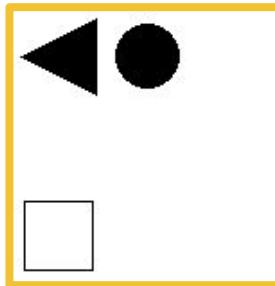
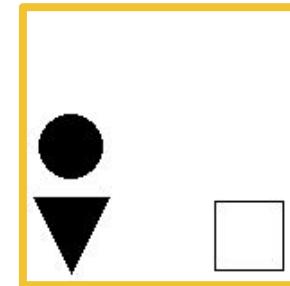
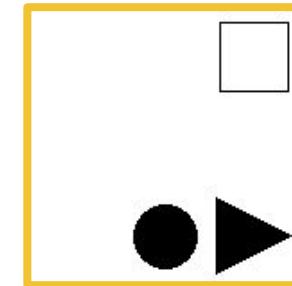
Sumit Lahiri, **Pankaj Kumar Kalita**, Akshay Kumar Chittora,
Varun Vankudre, Subhajit Roy

Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur

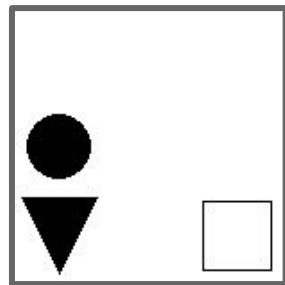
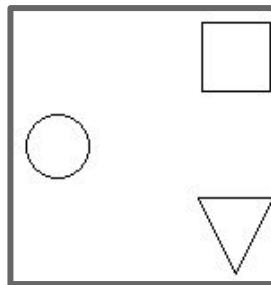
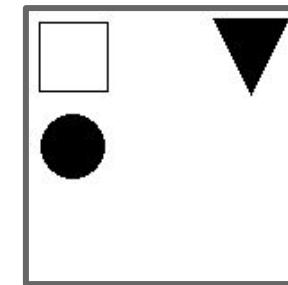
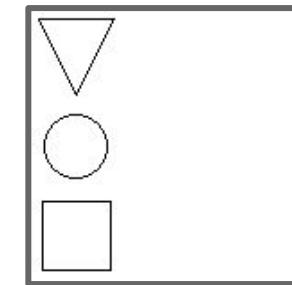
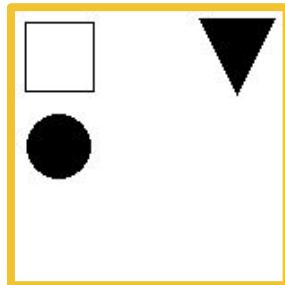
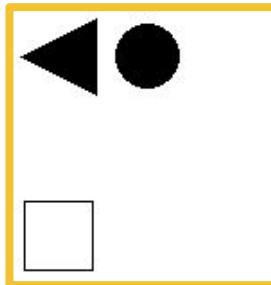
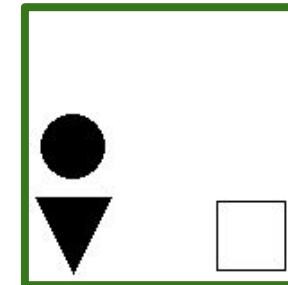
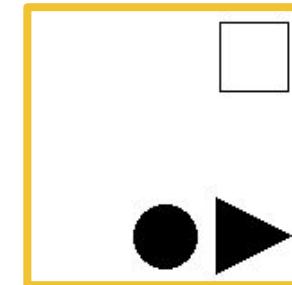
ASE 2024

What-Comes-Next Puzzles

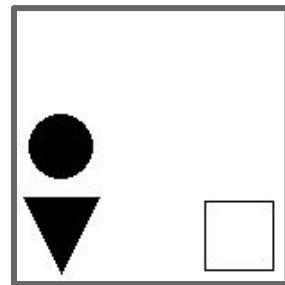
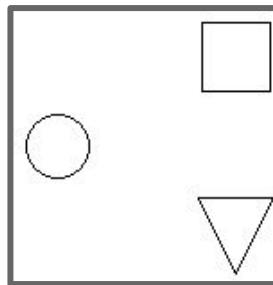
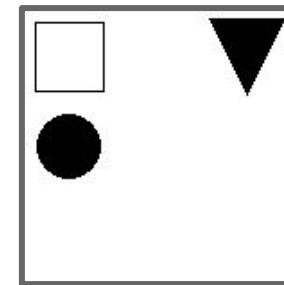
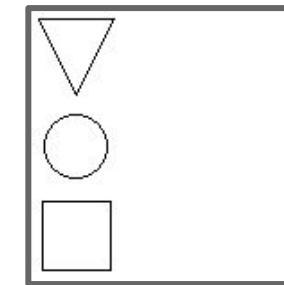
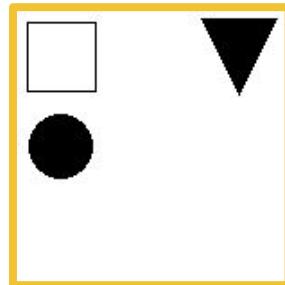
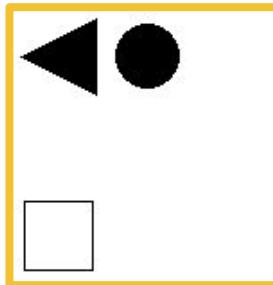
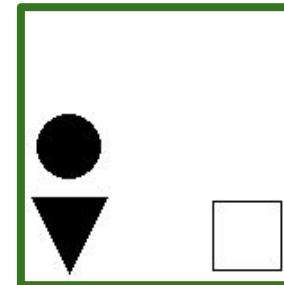
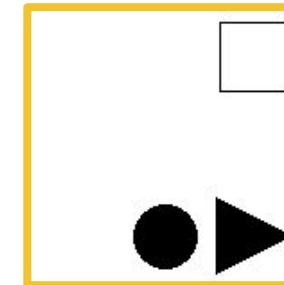
What-Comes-Next Puzzles

 Λ_1  Λ_2  Λ_3  Λ_4  O_1  O_2  O_3  O_4

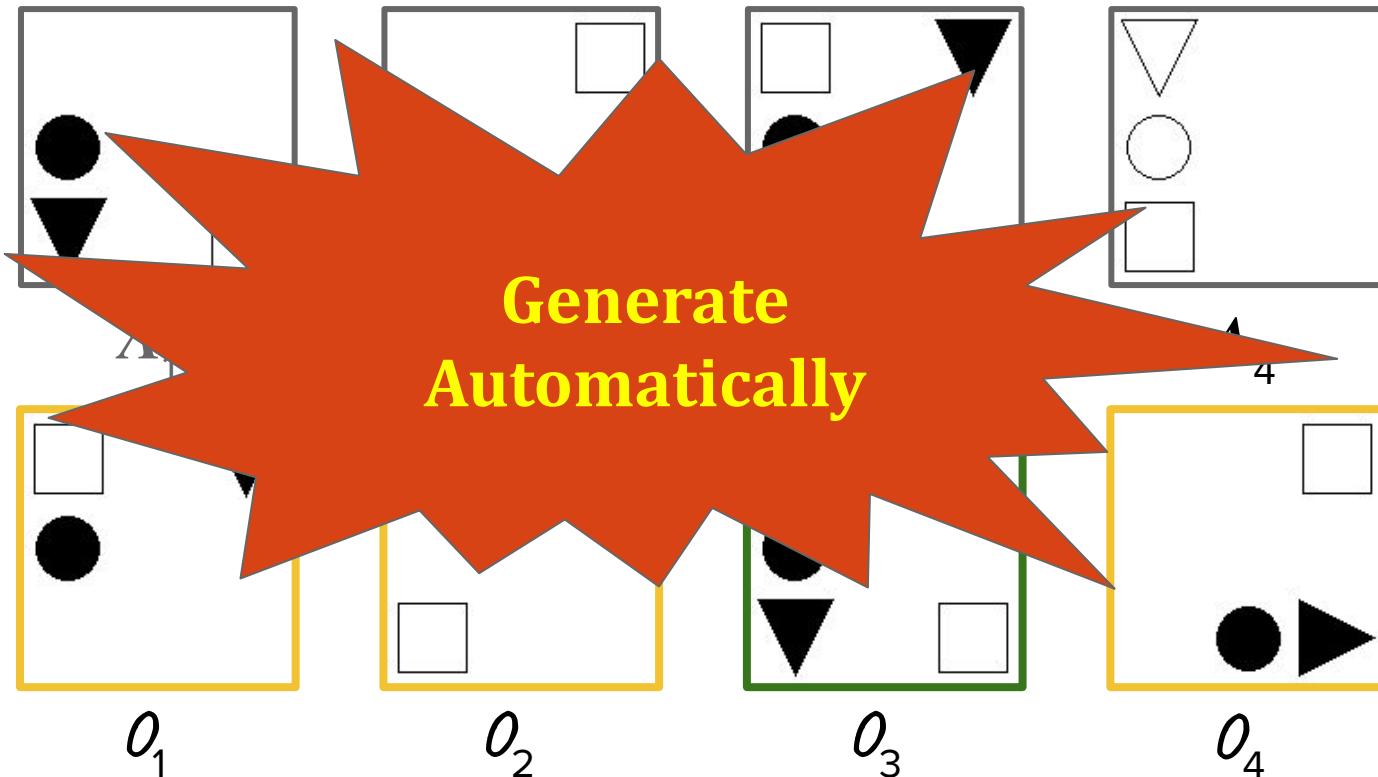
What-Comes-Next Puzzles

 Λ_1  Λ_2  Λ_3  Λ_4  O_1  O_2  O_3  O_4

Our Goal

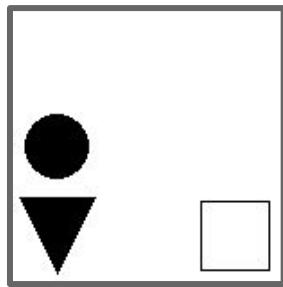
 Λ_1  Λ_2  Λ_3  Λ_4  O_1  O_2  O_3  O_4

Our Goal

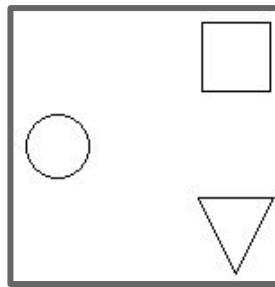


Challenges

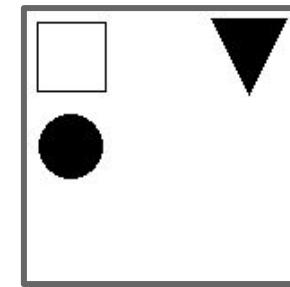
Challenges



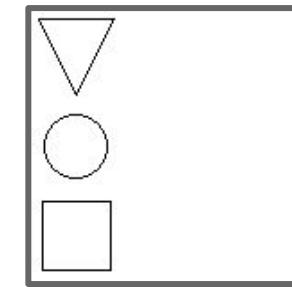
Λ_1



Λ_2



Λ_3

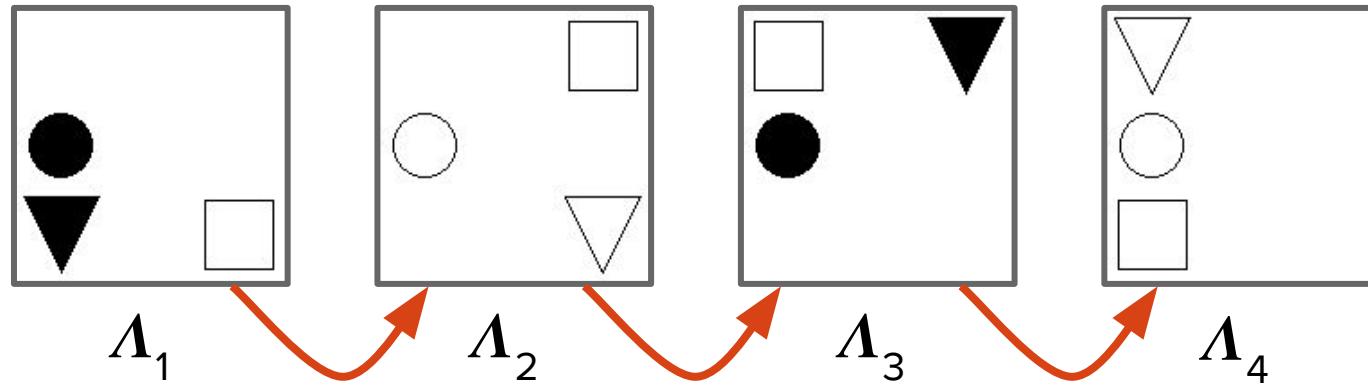


Λ_4

Logically Follows

Challenges

Logically Follows

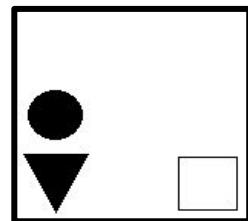


$$\exists \mathcal{P}. \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_1) = \Lambda_2; \quad \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_2) = \Lambda_3; \quad \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_3) = \Lambda_4$$

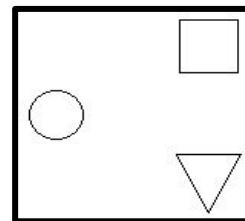
Challenges

Puzzles should be appealing

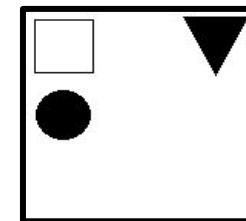
(1)



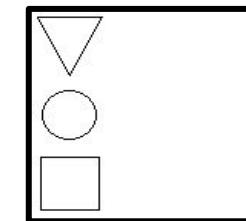
Λ_1



Λ_2

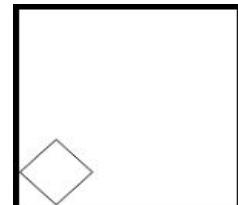


Λ_3

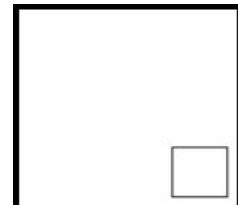


Λ_4

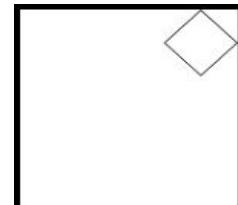
(2)



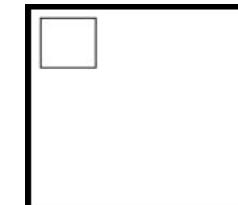
Λ_1



Λ_2



Λ_3

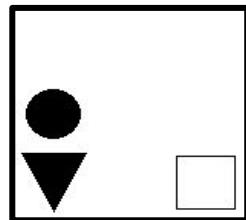


Λ_4

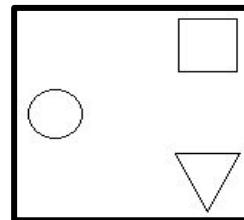
Challenges

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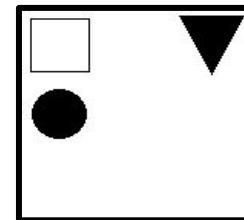
(1)



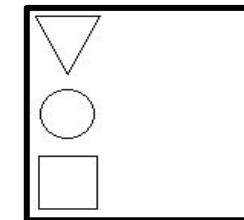
Λ_1



Λ_2



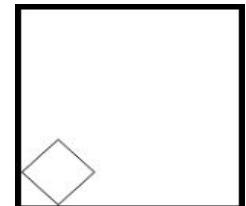
Λ_3



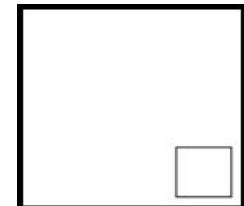
Λ_4

more

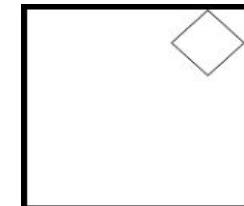
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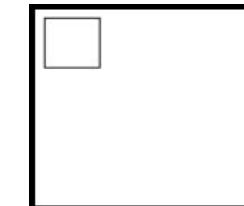
Λ_1



Λ_2



Λ_3



Λ_4

less

Methodology in a nutshell...

Logically Follows

$$\exists \mathcal{P}. \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_1) = \Lambda_2; \quad \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_2) = \Lambda_3; \quad \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_3) = \Lambda_4$$

Appealing



Methodology in a nutshell...

Logically Follows

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Appealing



Second-Order
Constraint Solving



Methodology in a nutshell...

Logically Follows

$$\exists \mathcal{P}. \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_1) = \Lambda_2; \quad \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_2) = \Lambda_3; \quad \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_3) = \Lambda_4$$

Appealing



Second-Order
Constraint Solving



Optimization



Methodology in a nutshell...

Logically Follows

$$\exists \mathcal{P}. \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_1) = \Lambda_2; \quad \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_2) = \Lambda_3; \quad \mathcal{P}(\Lambda_3) = \Lambda_4$$

Appealing



Second-Order
Constraint Solving



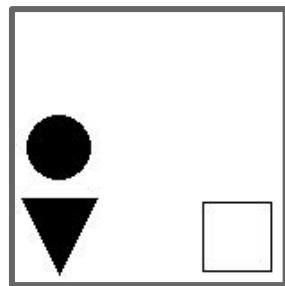
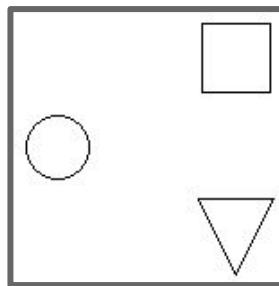
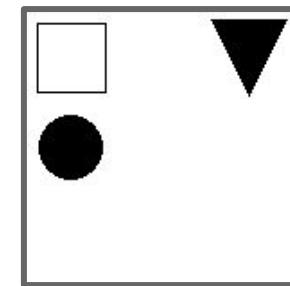
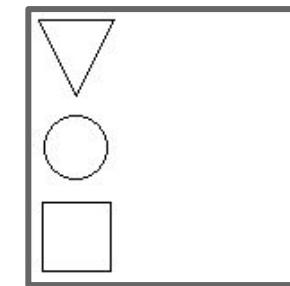
Optimization



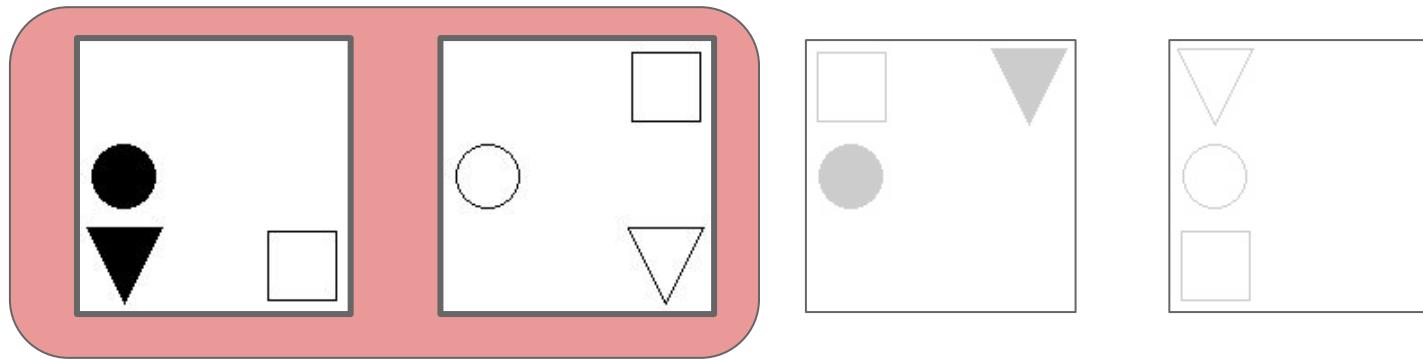
Constrained Optimization
Problem
(optimal synthesis)

Program Synthesis and Puzzle?

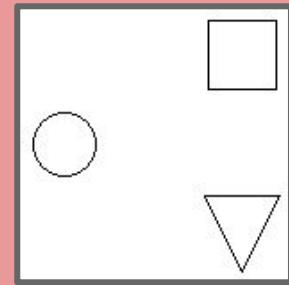
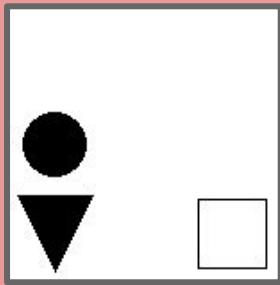
Program Synthesis and Puzzle?

 Λ_1  Λ_2  Λ_3  Λ_4

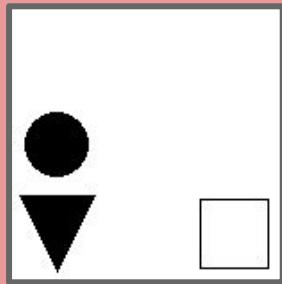
Program Synthesis and Puzzle?



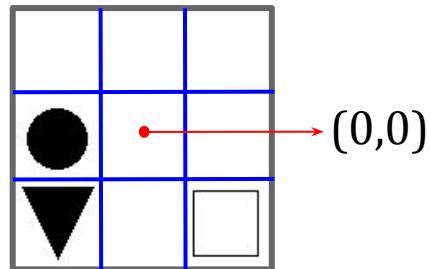
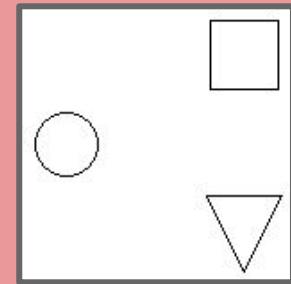
Program Synthesis and Puzzle?



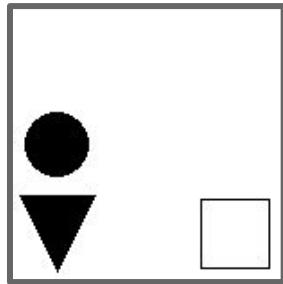
Program Synthesis and Puzzle?



```
FlipFill(Circle)  
FlipFill(Rotate(Triangle, 270, (0,0)))  
Rotate(Square, 270, (0, 0))
```

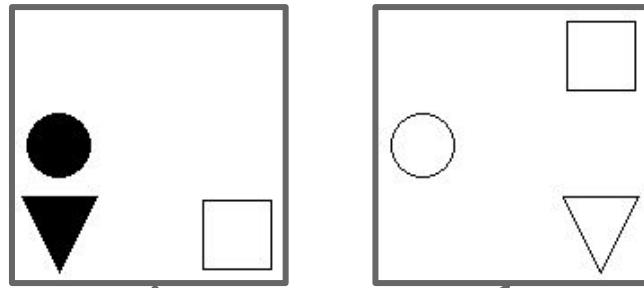


Program Synthesis and Puzzle?



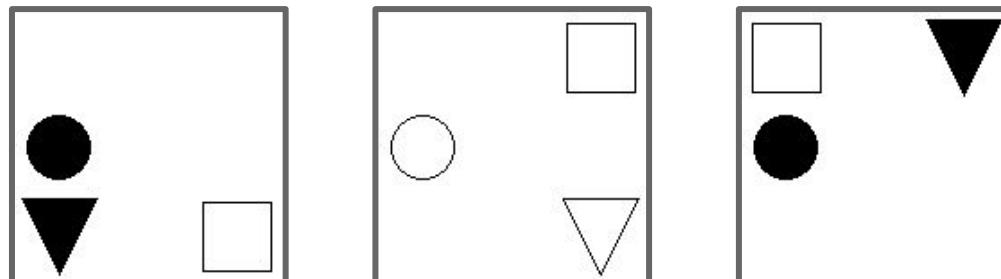
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Rotate(Square, 270, (0, 0))
```

Program Synthesis and Puzzle?



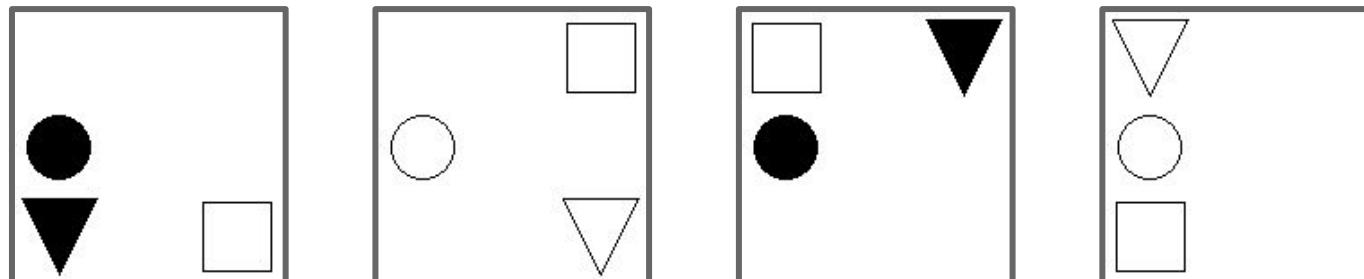
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Rotate(Square, 270, (0, 0))
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Program Synthesis and Puzzle?



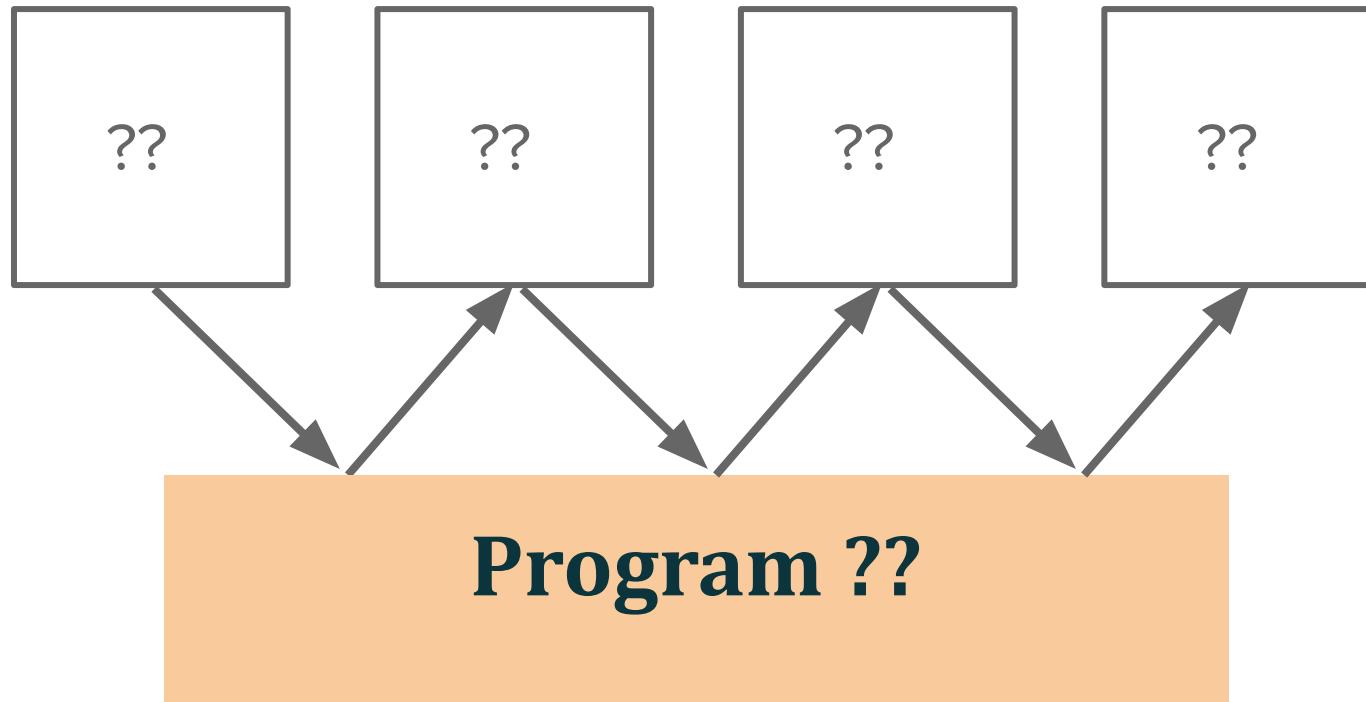
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Rotate(Square, 270, (0, 0))
```

Program Synthesis and Puzzle?



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```

Program Synthesis and Puzzle?



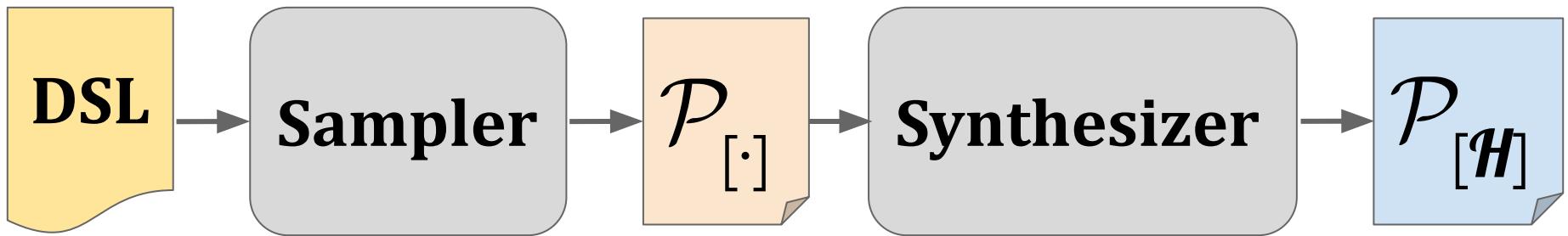
Puzzle Generation Using Program Synthesis

DSL

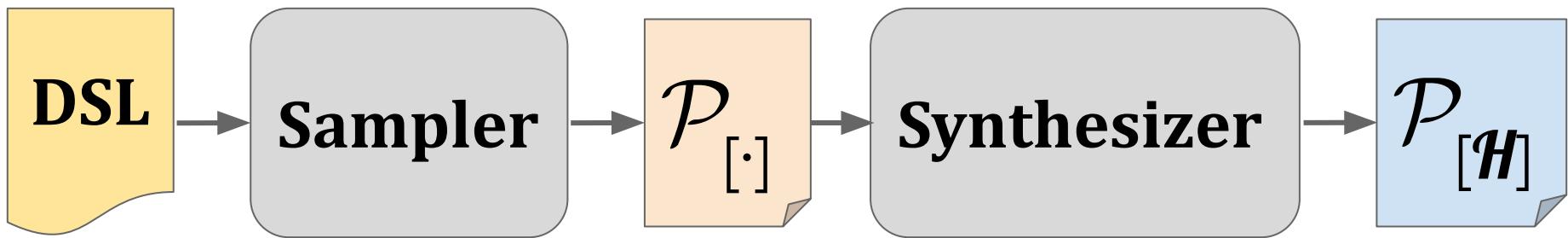
Puzzle Generation Using Program Synthesis



Puzzle Generation Using Program Synthesis

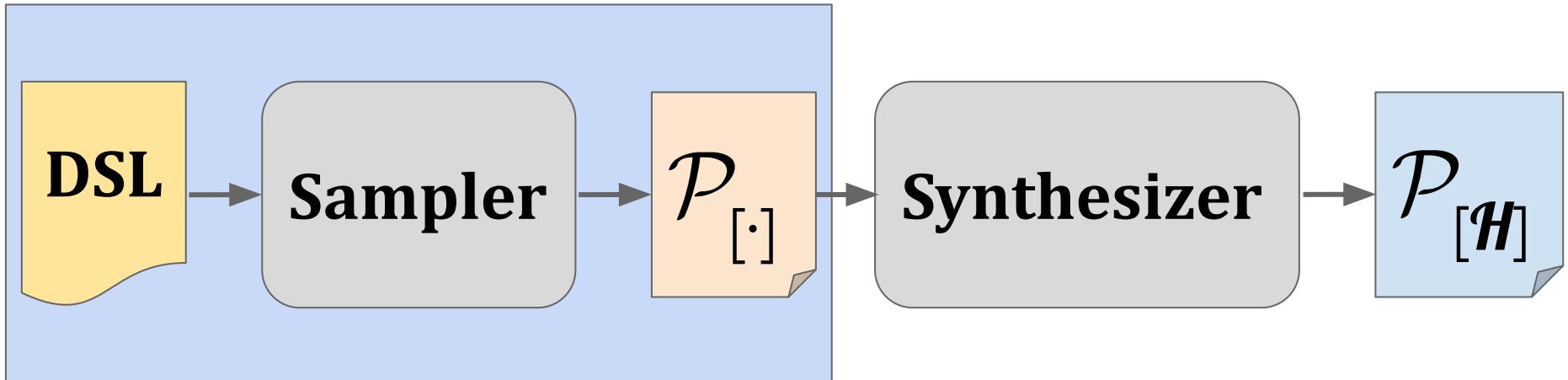


Puzzle Generation Using Program Synthesis



PuzzleGen

Puzzle Generation Using Program Synthesis



PuzzleGen

Abstract Program

$\langle \text{Program} \rangle ::= \lambda \Lambda. \langle \text{Entity} \rangle^+ [p_1]$

$\langle \text{Entity} \rangle ::= \text{GetEntity}(\text{Num}) [p_2] |$

$\text{FlipFill}(\langle \text{Entity} \rangle) [p_3] |$

$\text{Rotate}(\langle \text{Entity} \rangle, \langle \text{Value} \rangle, \langle \text{Coord} \rangle) [p_4] |$

$\text{SelfRotate}(\langle \text{Entity} \rangle, \langle \text{Value} \rangle) [p_5] |$

$\text{Translate}(\langle \text{Entity} \rangle, \langle \text{Coord} \rangle) [p_6] |$

$\text{Ite}(\langle \text{Cond} \rangle, \langle \text{Entity} \rangle, \langle \text{Entity} \rangle) [p_7]$

$\langle \text{Cond} \rangle ::= \Lambda.\text{sid mod } \Lambda.id [p_8]$

$\langle \text{Coord} \rangle ::= (\langle \text{Value} \rangle, \langle \text{Value} \rangle) [p_9]$

$\langle \text{Value} \rangle ::= \text{Progress}(\alpha) [p_{10}] |$

$\text{Num} [p_{11}]$

Abstract Program

$\langle \text{Program} \rangle ::= \lambda \Lambda. \langle \text{Entity} \rangle^+ [p_1]$

$\langle \text{Entity} \rangle ::= \text{GetEntity}(\text{Num}) [p_2] |$

$\text{FlipFill}(\langle \text{Entity} \rangle) [p_3] |$

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$\text{Translate}(\langle \text{Entity} \rangle, \langle \text{Coord} \rangle) [p_6] |$

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$\langle \text{Value} \rangle ::= \text{Progress}(\alpha) [p_{10}] |$

$\text{Num} [p_{11}]$

Sampling

FlipFill(Circle)
FlipFill(Rotate(Triangle, [] , ([] , [])))
Rotate(Square, [] , ([] , []))

Abstract Program

$\langle \text{Program} \rangle ::= \lambda \Lambda. \langle \text{Entity} \rangle^+ [p_1]$

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$\text{FlipFill}(\langle \text{Entity} \rangle) [p_3] |$

$\text{Rotate}(\langle \text{Entity} \rangle, \langle \text{Value} \rangle, \langle \text{Coord} \rangle) [p_4] |$

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$\langle \text{Coord} \rangle ::= (\langle \text{Value} \rangle, \langle \text{Value} \rangle) [p_9]$

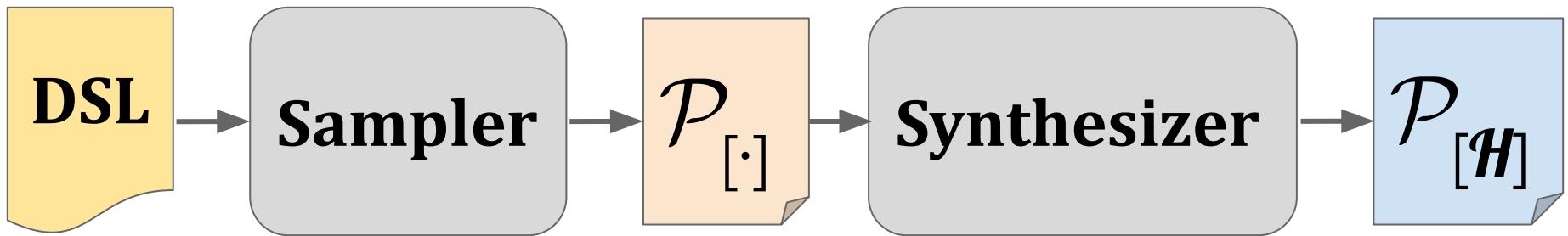
$\langle \text{Value} \rangle ::= \text{Progress}(\alpha) [p_{10}] |$

$\text{Num} [p_{11}]$

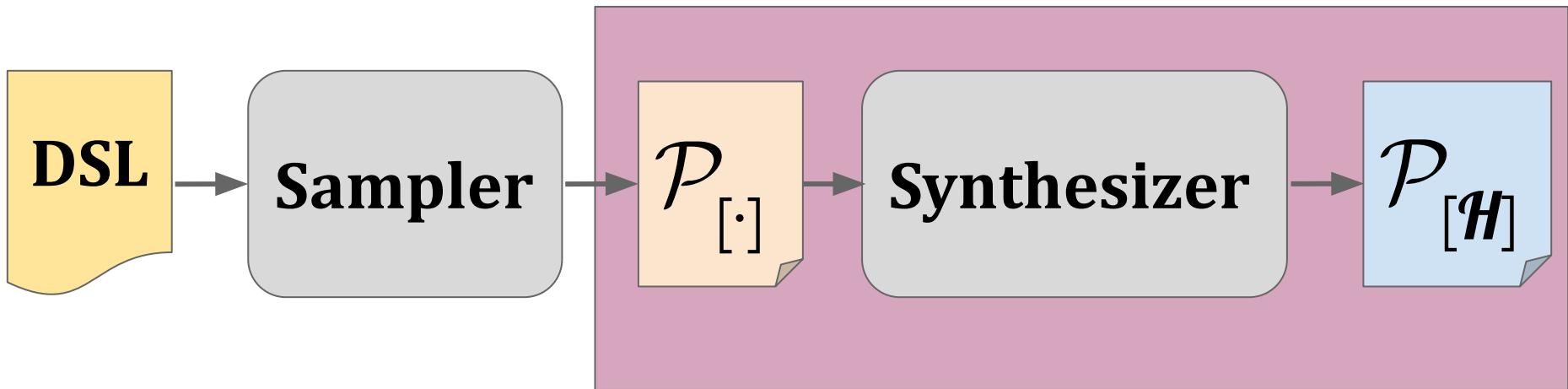
Sampling

FlipFill(Circle)
FlipFill(Rotate(Triangle, [p12], ([p13], [p14])))
Rotate(Square, [p15], ([p16], [p17]))

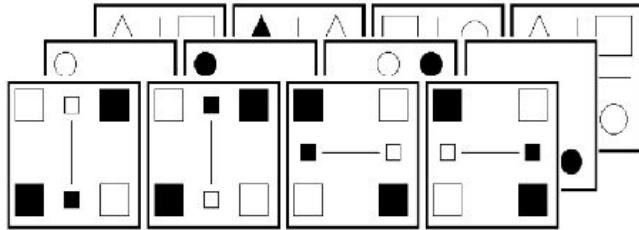
Puzzle Generation Using Program Synthesis



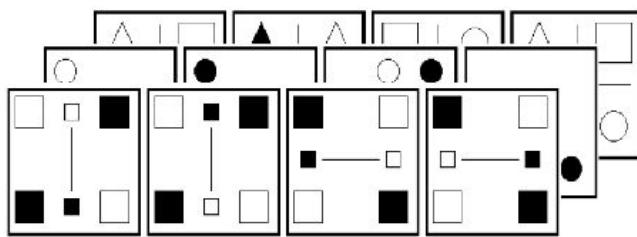
Puzzle Generation Using Program Synthesis



Make Appealing Puzzle



Make Appealing Puzzle



Make A

Puzzler AI

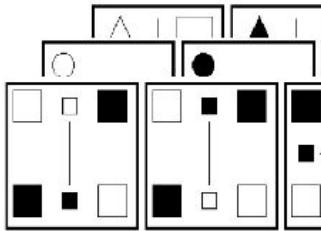
Please use your judgement at rating the puzzles. The rating scale shown below are just representative. A good puzzle is creative, challenging, deductive and enjoyable to solve!.

① Rating 1 Star
Puzzle is poor.

② Rating 2 Star
Puzzle is average.

③ Rating 3 Star
Puzzle is good.

④ Rating 4 Star
Puzzle is excellent.



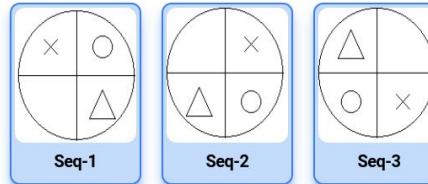
8. Puzzle Information

Puzzle-8

Index: b0041

LoginId: 56563

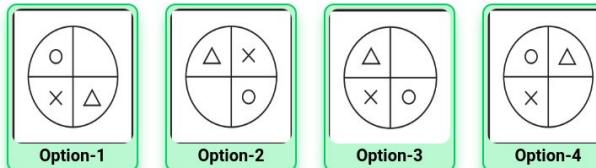
← Back



See the sequence of puzzle images above. Choose the next sequence from the options shown below and give a rating for the puzzle. The option you choose will appear "red".

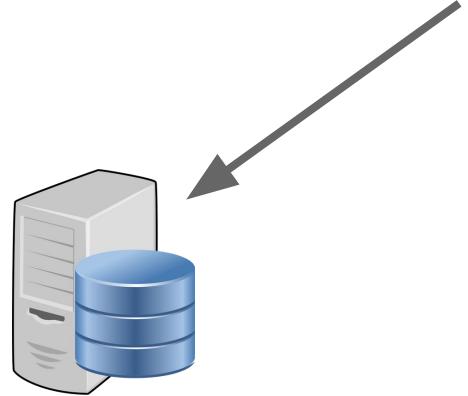
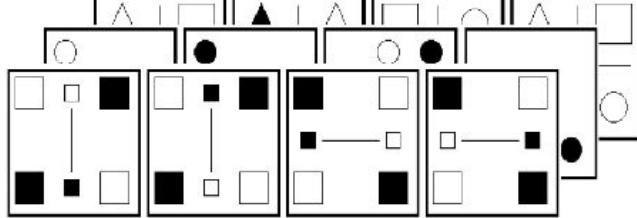
Puzzle Rating: ★ ★ ★ ★ 0 out of 4

None of these Why you choose this?

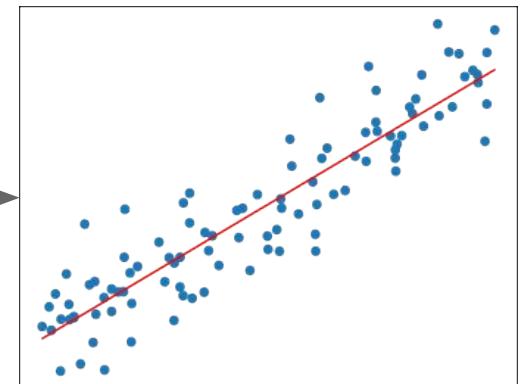
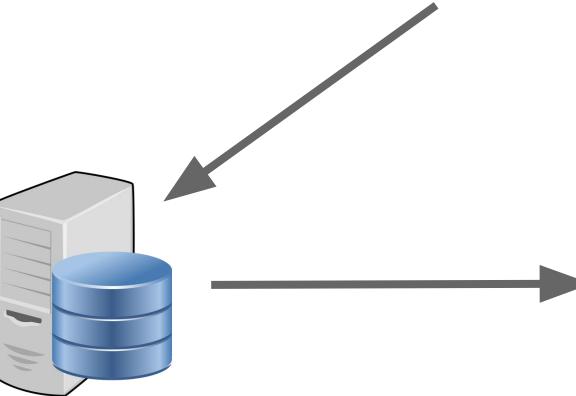
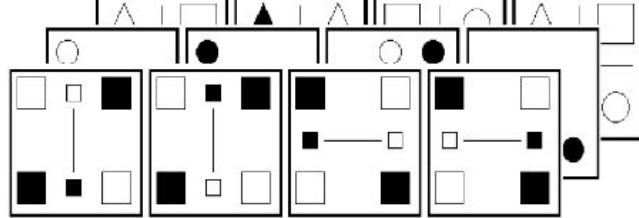


Submit option and rating

Make Appealing Puzzle



Make Appealing Puzzle



Make Appealing Puzzle

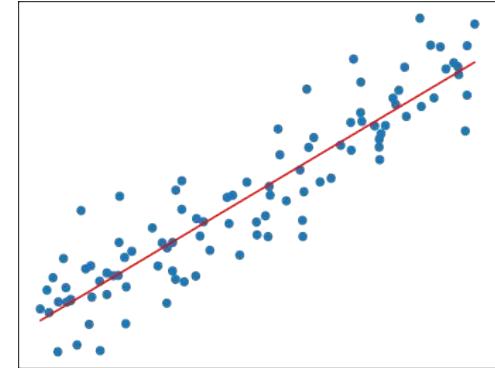
```
FlipFill(Circle)
FlipFill(Rotate(Triangle, [ ] , ( [ ] , [ ] )))
Rotate(Square, [ ] , ( [ ] , [ ] ))
```

Make Appealing Puzzle

```
FlipFill(Circle)
```

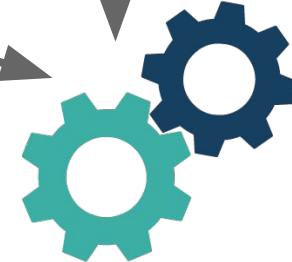
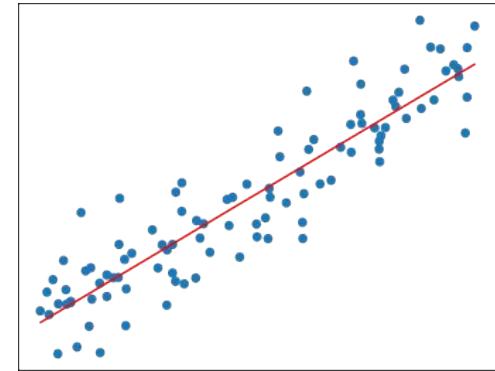
```
FlipFill(Rotate(Triangle, [ ] , ( [ ] , [ ] )))
```

```
Rotate(Square, [ ] , ( [ ] , [ ] ))
```



Make Appealing Puzzle

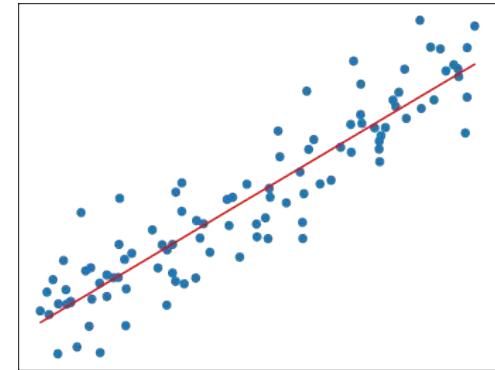
```
FlipFill(Circle)  
FlipFill(Rotate(Triangle, [ ] , ( [ ] , [ ] )))  
Rotate(Square, [ ] , ( [ ] , [ ] ))
```



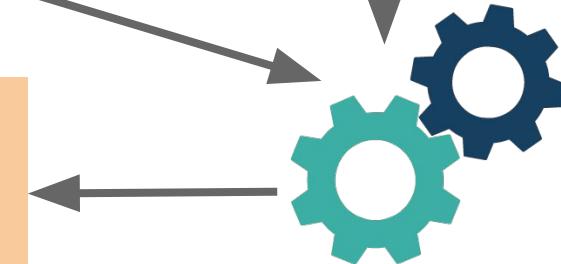
Synthesizer

Make Appealing Puzzle

```
FlipFill(Circle)
FlipFill(Rotate(Triangle, [ ] , ( [ ] , [ ] )))
Rotate(Square, [ ] , ( [ ] , [ ] ))
```



```
FlipFill(Circle)
FlipFill(Rotate(Triangle, 270, (0, 0)))
Rotate(Square, 270, (0, 0))
```



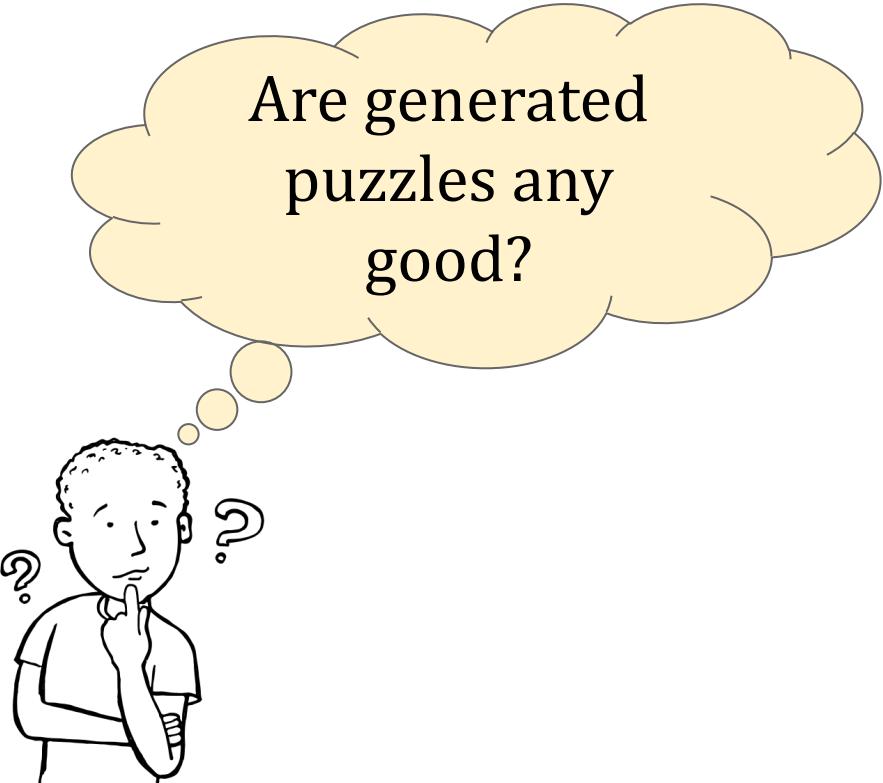
Synthesizer

Formally...

$$\operatorname{argmax}_{\mathcal{H}} \left\{ \text{AppealScore}(\mathcal{P}_{[\mathcal{H}]}) \mid \mathcal{P}_{[\mathcal{H}]} \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{G}) \text{ s.t.} \right.$$
$$\left. \exists \Lambda_1, \dots, \Lambda_{k+1}. \left(\bigwedge_{i=1}^k (\mathcal{P}_{[\mathcal{H}]}(\Lambda_i) = \Lambda_{i+1}) \right) \bigwedge \bigvee_{i=1}^{k+1} \Omega(\Lambda_i) \right\}$$

The equation is annotated with curly braces. A blue brace spans the entire logical condition $\bigwedge_{i=1}^k (\mathcal{P}_{[\mathcal{H}]}(\Lambda_i) = \Lambda_{i+1})$. A red brace spans the entire state constraints part $\bigvee_{i=1}^{k+1} \Omega(\Lambda_i)$. Below the blue brace is the text "logically follows" and below the red brace is the text "state constraints".

logically follows state constraints



Are generated
puzzles any
good?



Humans as a classifier

Clicking  will reveal a possible solution.

2. Puzzle Information

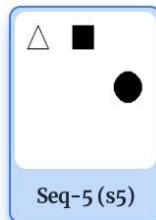
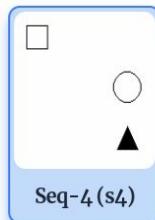
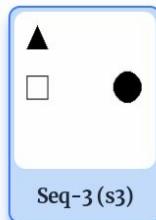
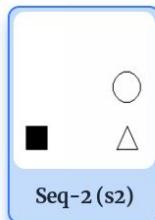
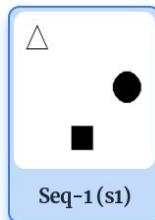
Puzzle-2

Index: b0033

LoginId: 489650

← Dashboard

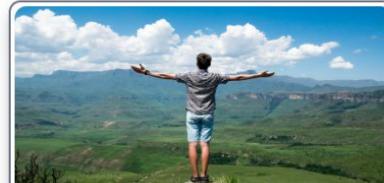
See the sequence of puzzle images and guess the next next possible sequence.



Is this puzzle created by a human being or a computer?

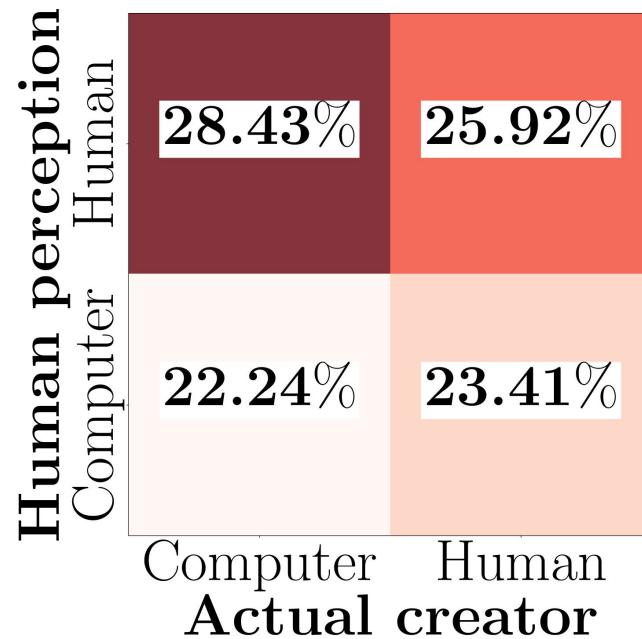


Puzzle generated by a computer



Puzzle generated by a human being

Humans as a classifier



The user responses were almost random.

Conclusion

- Synergistic combination of formal methods and machine learning to generate appealing puzzles
- PuzzleGen took 3.4 secs on average to generate puzzles
- Can be extended to generate puzzles of different categories

Thank You

Paper



Artifact

